

Wray School District RD-2
Wray, Colorado

Financial Statements

For the Year ended June 30, 2020

Table of Contents

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	1-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4-11
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	14
Statement of Activities	16-17
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	18-19
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds	20-21
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	22
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	23
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	24
Notes to Financial Statements	25-62
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	64
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – PERA's School Division Trust Fund	66-67
Schedule of District Contributions – PERA's School Division Trust Fund	68-69
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – PERA's Health Care Trust Fund	70
Schedule of District Contributions – PERA's Health Care Trust Fund	71
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	72
Other Supplementary Information	
General Fund	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Revenues	76
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures	78-80
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	82-83
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	84-85
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Food Service Fund	86
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Head Start Fund	87
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Pupil Activity Fund	88
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund	89

Table of Contents

	<u>Page</u>
Debt Service Fund	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Bond Redemption Fund	92
Capital Projects Fund	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Building Fund	94
Enterprise Fund	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Wind Turbine Fund	96
Single Audit Section	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	98
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	99
Independent Auditors Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	101-102
Independent Auditors’ Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	103-104
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	105
Colorado Department of Education Supplementary Schedule	
Independent Auditors’ Report on Auditors’ Integrity Report	109
Auditors’ Integrity Report	110



Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Education
Wray School District RD-2
Wray, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wray School District RD-2 (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and historical pension and other post-employment benefit plan information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 14, 2020, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Lauer, Szabo & Associates, P.C.

Sterling, Colorado
December 14, 2020

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Management Discussion and Analysis
For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

This section of Wray School District RD-2's annual financial report presents its discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2020.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Wray School District RD-2 exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$11,544,578 (net position).
- The district's total net position increased by \$12,411,431. This change in net position is due in large part to the inclusion of the District's share of PERA's pension and OPEB liabilities. Please refer to Notes H and J for more details.
- General revenues accounted for \$10,542,726 or 51% of the \$20,842,522 in total revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, sales, and grants accounted for \$10,299,796 or 49% of revenues.
- The general fund ending fund balance reached \$4,865,275, an increase of \$1,329,618 from last year.

Overview of Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. A comparison to the prior year's activity is normally provided in the document. The basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and, 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with information about the School District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector businesses.

The statement of net position includes all of the School District's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and retiree's early retirement bonuses). In the government-wide financial statements, the School District's activities are divided into two categories:

- **Governmental activities:** Most of the School District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, transportation, maintenance and operations, administration, food service and pupil activities. Taxes and intergovernmental revenues principally support these activities.
- **Business-type activities:** The wind turbine operations are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through charges and fees.

The government-wide financial statements consolidate the governmental and business type activities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the School District's operations, focusing on the most significant or "major" funds, not the School District as a whole. The School District has two kinds of funds: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's basic services are included in the governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine the status of financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School District's program.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Thus, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and change in fund balances provide reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements in order to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The School District maintains seven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenue, expenditures and change in fund balances for the General Fund, Bond Redemption Fund and Building Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data for the other four nonmajor governmental funds are combined in a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for the nonmajor governmental funds are provided in the form of a budgetary comparison schedule elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 18-21 of this report.

Proprietary Fund

The School District maintains a proprietary fund to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in its wind turbine fund. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 22-24 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements may be found on pages 25-62 of this report.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements, this report also presents other supplementary information concerning the School District's annual appropriated budgets with comparison statements that demonstrate compliance with budgets. Budgeted amounts may be found on pages 76-96.

Financial Analysis of the School District as a Whole

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the School District's financial position.

37% of the School District's assets are investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and equipment). The school District uses these assets to provide instruction and related services to its students.

The following table provides a summary of the district's net position as of June 30, 2020.

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total		Total Percentage Change 2019-2020
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Current and Other assets	\$21,444,304	\$22,901,991	\$ 110,565	\$ 72,268	\$21,554,869	\$22,974,259	-6.18%
Capital assets	28,205,253	12,841,352	716,286	803,700	28,921,539	13,645,052	111.96%
Total assets	49,649,557	35,743,343	826,851	875,968	50,476,408	36,619,311	37.84%
Deferred outflows of resources	1,443,456	5,390,762	-	-	1,443,456	5,390,762	-73.22%
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$51,093,013	\$41,134,105	\$ 826,851	\$ 875,968	\$51,919,864	\$42,010,073	23.59%
Other liabilities	\$ 4,976,115	\$ 1,175,565	\$ -	\$ -	\$4,976,115	\$1,175,565	323.30%
Long-term liabilities	27,814,578	31,349,543	-	-	27,814,578	31,349,543	-11.28%
Total liabilities	32,790,693	32,525,108	-	-	32,790,693	32,525,108	0.82%
Deferred inflows of resources	7,584,593	10,512,612	-	-	7,584,593	10,512,612	-27.85%
Net investment in capital assets	20,034,255	9,388,548	716,286	803,700	20,750,541	10,192,248	103.59%
Restricted	10,627,526	17,346,911	-	-	10,627,526	17,346,911	-38.74%
Unrestricted	(19,944,054)	(28,639,074)	110,565	72,268	(19,833,489)	(28,566,806)	-30.57%
Total net position	10,717,727	(1,903,615)	826,851	875,968	11,544,578	(1,027,647)	-1,223.40%
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position	\$ 51,093,013	\$ 41,134,105	\$ 826,851	\$ 875,968	\$51,919,864	\$42,010,073	23.59%

Following is a summary of the School District's change in net position.

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total		Total Percentage Change 2019-2020
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Revenues							
Program Revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 111,053	\$ 146,514	\$ 102,621	\$ 91,024	\$ 213,674	\$ 237,538	-10.05%
Operating Grants & Contributions	1,349,607	1,480,418	-	-	1,349,607	1,480,418	-8.84%
Capital Grants & Contributions	8,736,515	993,997	-	-	8,736,515	993,997	778.93%
General Revenue							
Property taxes	5,075,546	4,918,350	-	-	5,075,546	4,918,350	3.20%
State equalization	4,916,347	4,252,750	-	-	4,916,347	4,252,750	15.60%
Other	550,815	173,511	18	19	550,833	173,530	217.43%
Total Revenue	20,739,883	11,965,540	102,639	91,043	20,842,522	12,056,583	72.87%
Expenses							
Instruction	4,080,627	3,558,440	-	-	4,080,627	3,558,440	14.67%
Supporting services	3,168,827	2,975,372	-	-	3,168,827	2,975,372	6.50%
Unallocated depreciation	368,138	368,564	-	-	368,138	368,564	-0.12%
Interest expense	661,743	428,458	-	-	661,743	428,458	54.45%
Wind turbine services	-	-	151,756	139,349	151,756	139,349	8.90%
Total Expenses	8,279,335	7,470,183	151,756	139,349	8,431,091	7,470,183	12.86%
Change in net position	\$12,460,548	\$4,634,706	\$ (49,117)	\$ (48,306)	\$12,411,431	\$ 4,586,400	170.61%

Governmental Activities

The primary source of operating revenue for school districts comes from the School Finance Act of 1994, as amended (SFA). Under the SFA the School District received \$8,960 per funded student. In fiscal year 2019-20 the funded pupil count was 733.5. Funding for the SFA comes from property taxes, specific ownership tax and state equalization. The School District receives approximately 60 percent of this funding from state equalization while the remaining amount comes from property taxes and specific ownership tax. The School District's assessed valuation generated \$2,829,826 in property taxes levied for general purposes for fiscal year 2020.

Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities are made up of the wind turbine fund. These programs had total revenues of \$102,639 and expenses of \$151,756. Business type activities receive no support from tax revenue.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the School District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School district's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the School District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As the end of the fiscal year, the School District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$16,459,396, a decrease of \$5,419,124. The general fund had a fund balance increase of \$1,329,618.

General Fund Budget Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Colorado law and is based on accounting for transactions under generally accepted accounting principles. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

The differences found between the final budget and the actual expended amounts were primarily to support mill levy override expenditures as promised to our taxpayers. Additionally, the increase was to support salary and benefit requirements (PERA required contributions increased (0.5%), as well as healthcare costs. We also received additional property tax revenues due to the passing of the mill levy override creating a positive effect on our bottom line.

Budget highlights in the 2019-20 school year are as follows:

- Full-day kindergarten legislation passed allowing the district to count all kindergarten students as full time as well as receiving one-time funds for kindergarten furniture and equipment needs.
- With the passing of the full-day kindergarten legislation, ECARE slots became available allowing the District's Colorado Preschool Program (CPP) to form a community partnership with the Wray Community Childcare Center and Wray Head Start Program. The District was able to count those students who qualified for a CPP position and direct state monies to the community partners.

- The District also received \$176,955 in small-rural funding.
- The student enrollment numbers have continued to increase the PPR the District receives.
- The District continues to follow the textbook rotation schedule.
- The Board of Education approved a salary increase for all staff along with a one-time holiday bonus. All salary schedules were increased, along with experience/horizontal steps based on approved continuing education credits for salary advancement.
- The District received \$4,500 from the State Library Grant to purchase updated books, ebooks and other reading material for students K-12.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The School Districts investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2020 amounts to \$28,921,539 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, licensed vehicles and capital leases all with an original cost greater than \$5,000 for the governmental activities and \$1,000 for the business-type activities and proprietary funds.

Capital asset additions during the current fiscal year include the following:

- Construction in progress \$15,636,328
- Land improvements \$128,591
- Building improvements \$11,452
- Furniture and equipment \$35,583
- Licensed vehicles \$145,520

The School District's total capital assets at June 30, 2020, net of accumulated depreciation were as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Construction in progress	\$ 17,245,070	\$ -	\$ 17,245,070
Land and improvements	728,469	-	728,469
Building and improvements	9,372,236	-	9,372,236
Furniture and equipment	341,746	716,286	1,058,032
Licensed vehicles	517,732	-	517,732
Total capital assets	<u>\$ 28,205,253</u>	<u>\$ 716,286</u>	<u>\$ 28,921,539</u>

Additional information on the School District's capital assets can be found in note E to the basic financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At year-end, the School District's long-term debt of \$27,814,578 consisted of the following:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Compensated absences	\$ 94,790	\$ -	\$ 94,790
Bonds payable	17,029,281	-	17,029,281
Bond premium	108,500	-	108,500
Capital lease obligation	144,523	-	144,523
Net pension liability	9,948,304	-	9,948,304
Net OPEB liability	489,180	-	489,180
Total long-term debt	<u>\$ 27,814,578</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 27,814,578</u>

Additional information on the School District's long-term debt can be found in note G to the basic financial statements.

Economic Factors

The budget is based upon the goals and objectives of all stakeholders which include the board of education, community and staff, school accountability committees, and administration. The four goals are: 1) improving student achievement, 2) retain and hire highly qualified staff, 3) develop curriculum and instruction rotation, and 4) maintain and improve facilities and student transportation. Many factors were considered by the District's administration during the process of developing the fiscal year 19-20 budget. Among them:

- The student enrollment increased in FY20, and the enrollment forecast for FY21 is predicting a slight increase;
- Minor adjustments to FTE and classroom budgets were made based on enrollment trends;
- A general fund transfer of \$250,000 was made to our capital reserves for maintenance and upkeep of buildings and grounds as well as for the unforeseen expenses related to the PK-12 capital project;
- Health and property insurance premiums continue to rise at a rate much greater than the percentage of funding increase from the State;
- The budget was built on the following considerations:
 - Salary – staff will receive a vertical step on the salary schedule. The District continues to make every effort to raise salaries when possible.
 - Fringe Benefits – The District will remain with CEBT health insurance. The health insurance premiums increased, but still below the state average. An increase to the insurance reserve is there to mitigate an uncommon increase to the renewal.
 - PERA – The employer contribution is 20.40% with the employee contribution rate increasing from 8% to 8.75%.
 - Operation & Maintenance – Increased funds to the reserve to allow for various capital replacement needs.
 - Food Services – The State requires the district to complete a lunch price equity tool to determine if lunch prices need to be increased. A slight increase to lunch prices will be required in FY20. The general fund has also budgeted to transfer money into the food service fund.

The District maintains the budget, quarterly reports, monthly accounts payable and current salary schedules on its website: www.wrayschools.org.

Next Year Challenges

Each year the state budget is crafted by the governor and legislature to determine how much of the total budget will be allocated to K-12 education. The state economic forecast is important to the district because a major source of funding for the district's General Operating Fund is received through the state's School Finance ACT (SFA), established by the state legislature. During the Great Recession, state revenue shortfalls forced cuts to K-12 education even though constitutionally mandated funding increases exist under Amendment 23. After the state sets the total funding for K-12 public education, each local district determines how to fund its specific programs and allocate resources to each school within its district.

An early 2020 forecast stated that a strong economy and rebound in oil and gas development should increase the nonresidential tax base, potentially relieving some downward pressure on the residential assessment rate in 2020.

- However, we continue to see a decrease in gas exploration and development in Yuma County. The agriculture commodities are experiencing below average yields and below average market prices across the board. The real estate market is steady; however, housing availability continues to be a challenge.
- Colorado's public school finance laws are subject to review and examination through the judicial process and are subject to legislative changes as well. Appropriation decisions regarding the State's share of Total Program Funding are made on an annual basis by the State legislature. It is likely that the General Assembly may cut public school funding as part of overall State spending cuts in the future. As a result, the District cannot anticipate, with certainty, all of the factors which may influence the financing of its future activities. There is no assurance that there will not be any change in, interpretation of, or addition to the applicable laws (including but not limited to the School Finance Act), provisions, and regulations which would have a material effect, directly or indirectly on the affairs of the District.
- Additionally, we are closely monitoring the discussions on the proposal of Mill Levy Equalization/Stabilization around the State as it has the potential to be a significant challenge impacting the tax payers in the boundaries of Wray School District.
- Finally, the challenges of the global pandemic of COVID-19 creating uncertain, yet significant operations and funding challenges that we will all face. These challenges are most likely to surface during the ensuing fiscal year and may have a three to four year rebound period.

Contacting the Districts Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, parents, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the district's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact Wray School District RD-2, 30222 County Road 35, Wray, Colorado 80758.

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Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements of the District include the following:

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide statements display information about the reporting government as a whole.

Fund financial statements. The fund financial statements display information about major funds individually and nonmajor funds in the aggregate for governmental and enterprise funds.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes communicate information essential for fair presentation of the financial statements that is not displayed on the face of the financial statements. As such, the notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash	\$ 7,263,631	\$ 94,405	\$ 7,358,036
Cash with fiscal agent	11,755,045		11,755,045
Investments	117,289		117,289
Receivables	2,284,512	8,512	2,293,024
Internal balances	(7,648)	7,648	-
Inventory	31,475		31,475
Capital assets, net of depreciation	28,205,253	716,286	28,921,539
Total assets	49,649,557	826,851	50,476,408
Deferred outflows of resources			
Deferred charges on refundings of bonds	102,949		102,949
Pension and other post-employment benefit deferrals	1,340,507		1,340,507
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,443,456	-	1,443,456
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 51,093,013	\$ 826,851	\$ 51,919,864
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 2,907,097		\$ 2,907,097
Construction contracts payable	731,393		731,393
Accrued salaries and benefits	762,558		762,558
Unearned revenues	14,960		14,960
Unearned grant revenues	507,431		507,431
Accrued interest payable	52,676		52,676
Noncurrent liabilities			
Due within one year	1,180,268		1,180,268
Due in more than one year	26,634,310		26,634,310
Total liabilities	32,790,693	\$ -	32,790,693
Deferred inflows of resources			
Pension and other post-employment benefit deferrals	7,584,593		7,584,593
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	20,034,255	716,286	20,750,541
Restricted for:			
Emergencies	510,000		510,000
Colorado Preschool Program	17,919		17,919
Debt service	2,332,642		2,332,642
Food service operations	3,015		3,015
Capital projects	7,763,950		7,763,950
Unrestricted (deficit)	(19,944,054)	110,565	(19,833,489)
Total net position	10,717,727	826,851	11,544,578
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 51,093,013	\$ 826,851	\$ 51,919,864

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Expenses	Program Revenues		
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
Governmental activities				
Instruction	\$ 4,080,627	\$ 30,512	\$ 816,420	
Supporting services				
Students	137,192		2,585	
Instructional staff	481,781		27,876	
General administration	267,196		75,829	
School administration	290,303			
Business services	164,512		3,961	
Operations and maintenance	682,526		7,415	\$ 136,534
Student transportation	435,021		91,486	
Central support services	307,065			
Food service operations	403,003	80,541	324,035	
Facilities acquisitions	228			8,599,981
Unallocated depreciation *	368,138			
Interest and fiscal charges	661,743			
Total governmental activities	8,279,335	111,053	1,349,607	8,736,515
Business-type activities				
Wind turbine services	151,756	102,621		
Total school district	\$ 8,431,091	\$ 213,674	\$ 1,349,607	\$ 8,736,515

General revenues
 Taxes
 Property taxes, levied for general purposes
 Property taxes, levied for debt service
 Specific ownership taxes
 Delinquent taxes and interest
 State categorical aid
 Earnings on investments
 Other

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position (deficit) at beginning of year,
 as restated

Net position at end of year

* This amount excludes depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various programs.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Net (Expenses) Revenues and
Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
\$ (3,233,695)		\$ (3,233,695)
(134,607)		(134,607)
(453,905)		(453,905)
(191,367)		(191,367)
(290,303)		(290,303)
(160,551)		(160,551)
(538,577)		(538,577)
(343,535)		(343,535)
(307,065)		(307,065)
1,573		1,573
8,599,753		8,599,753
(368,138)		(368,138)
(661,743)		(661,743)
1,917,840	\$ -	1,917,840
	(49,135)	(49,135)
1,917,840	(49,135)	1,868,705
2,829,826		2,829,826
1,727,890		1,727,890
509,033		509,033
8,797		8,797
4,916,347		4,916,347
44,706	18	44,724
506,109		506,109
10,542,708	18	10,542,726
12,460,548	(49,117)	12,411,431
(1,742,821)	875,968	(866,853)
<u>\$ 10,717,727</u>	<u>\$ 826,851</u>	<u>\$ 11,544,578</u>

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
June 30, 2020

	General Fund	Bond Redemption Fund	Building Fund	Other Governmental Funds
Assets				
Cash	\$ 5,929,474			\$ 1,334,157
Cash with fiscal agent	71,546	\$ 2,284,714	\$ 9,398,785	
Investments	117,289			
Due from other funds	96,752			250,000
Property taxes receivable	116,484	71,782		
Grants receivable	26,000		1,998,131	53,002
Other receivables	15,460			3,653
Inventory				31,475
Total assets	\$ 6,373,005	\$ 2,356,496	\$ 11,396,916	\$ 1,672,287
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 5,524		\$ 2,901,573	
Construction contracts payable			731,393	
Due to other funds	257,648	\$ 130		\$ 96,622
Accrued salaries and benefits	699,382			63,176
Unearned revenues				14,960
Unearned grant revenues	507,431			
Total liabilities	1,469,985	130	3,632,966	174,758
Deferred inflows of resources				
Deferred property tax revenues	37,745	23,724		
Total deferred inflows of resources	37,745	23,724	-	-
Fund balance				
Nonspendable inventory				31,475
Restricted for:				
Emergencies	510,000			
Colorado Preschool Program	17,919			
Debt service		2,332,642		
Food service operations				3,015
Capital projects			7,763,950	
Committed to pupil activities				142,632
Committed to capital projects				1,320,407
Assigned for risk management	160,070			
Unassigned	4,177,286			
Total fund balance	4,865,275	2,332,642	7,763,950	1,497,529
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$ 6,373,005	\$ 2,356,496	\$ 11,396,916	\$ 1,672,287

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Total Governmental Funds	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
	Total fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 16,459,396
\$ 7,263,631	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.	28,205,253
11,755,045	Property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	61,469
117,289	Accrued interest on long-term debt is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported as a liability in the funds.	(52,676)
346,752	Long-term liabilities and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources, including bonds payable, bond premium, compensated absences and the net pension and OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.	<u>(33,955,715)</u>
188,266	Net position (deficit) of the governmental activities	<u>\$ 10,717,727</u>
2,077,133		
19,113		
31,475		
<u>\$ 21,798,704</u>		
\$ 2,907,097		
731,393		
354,400		
762,558		
14,960		
507,431		
<u>5,277,839</u>		
61,469		
<u>61,469</u>		
31,475		
510,000		
17,919		
2,332,642		
3,015		
7,763,950		
142,632		
1,320,407		
160,070		
4,177,286		
<u>16,459,396</u>		
<u>\$ 21,798,704</u>		

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	General Fund	Bond Redemption Fund	Building Fund	Other Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 3,693,450	\$ 1,759,233		\$ 401,896
Intermediate sources	5,859	628		
State sources	5,526,190		\$ 8,599,981	17,433
Federal sources	204,538			574,182
Total revenues	9,430,037	1,759,861	8,599,981	993,511
Expenditures				
Instruction	4,468,913			526,644
Supporting services	3,316,018			515,207
Capital outlay	228		15,636,328	
Debt service				
Principal retirement	80,212	1,054,950		
Interest and fiscal charges	2,798	664,146		
Total expenditures	7,868,169	1,719,096	15,636,328	1,041,851
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	1,561,868	40,765	(7,036,347)	(48,340)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Capital lease proceeds	62,930			
Transfers in				295,180
Transfers out	(295,180)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(232,250)	-	-	295,180
Net change in fund balance	1,329,618	40,765	(7,036,347)	246,840
Fund balance at beginning of year	3,535,657	2,291,877	14,800,297	1,250,689
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 4,865,275	\$ 2,332,642	\$ 7,763,950	\$ 1,497,529

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Total Governmental Funds	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
	Net change in fund balance - governmental funds	\$ (5,419,124)
\$ 5,854,579	Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	
6,487		
14,143,604		
778,720		
20,783,390		15,363,901
4,995,557	Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the fiscal year ends, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds and are, instead, counted as deferred tax revenues. They are, however, recorded as revenues in the statement of activities.	
3,831,225		
15,636,556		
1,135,162		(3,594)
666,944		
26,265,444	In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses - compensated absences, accrued interest payable, refunding deferred charges amortization and bond premium amortization - are measured by the amounts incurred or earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid).	(3,600)
(5,482,054)		
62,930	Governmental funds report pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, service costs, current year benefit changes, member contributions, expected earnings on plan investments, administrative expenses and recognition of deferred outflows and inflows from the pensions and OPEB are reported as expense.	
295,180		
(295,180)		
62,930		
(5,419,124)		1,450,733
21,878,520	Proceeds from the issuance of debt are reported as revenue in the governmental funds, however, they are reported as a long-term liability in the statement of activities.	(62,930)
\$ 16,459,396	Repayment of principal on bonds and capital lease obligations are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces the long-term debt liability in the statement of net position.	1,135,162
	Change in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$ 12,460,548</u>

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Statement of Net Position
Proprietary Funds
June 30, 2020

	<u>Business-type Activities</u>
	<u>Wind Turbine Fund</u>
Assets	
Current assets	
Cash	\$ 94,405
Due from other funds	7,648
Other receivables	<u>8,512</u>
Total current assets	110,565
Capital assets	
Machinery and equipment	1,748,278
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(1,031,992)</u>
Total capital assets, net	<u>716,286</u>
Total assets	<u><u>\$ 826,851</u></u>
Liabilities and net position	
Current liabilities	\$ -
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	716,286
Unrestricted	<u>110,565</u>
Total net position	<u>826,851</u>
Total liabilities and net position	<u><u>\$ 826,851</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	<u>Business-type Activities</u>
	<u>Wind Turbine Fund</u>
Operating revenues	
Charges for services	\$ 102,621
Operating expenses	
Purchased services	56,842
Other	7,500
Depreciation	<u>87,414</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>151,756</u>
Operating loss	(49,135)
Nonoperating revenues	
Earnings on investments	<u>18</u>
Total nonoperating revenues	<u>18</u>
Change in net position	(49,117)
Net position at beginning of year	<u>875,968</u>
Net position at end of year	<u><u>\$ 826,851</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	<u>Business-type Activities</u>
	<u>Wind Turbine Fund</u>
Cash flows from operating activities	
Receipts from customers	\$ 114,365
Payments to suppliers	(64,342)
	<u>50,023</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	50,023
Cash flows from investing activities	
Earnings on investments	18
	<u>18</u>
Net cash provided by investing activities	18
Net increase in cash	50,041
Cash at beginning of year	<u>44,364</u>
Cash at end of year	<u><u>\$ 94,405</u></u>
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities	
Operating loss	\$ (49,135)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities	
Depreciation	87,414
Changes in assets and liabilities	
Accounts receivable	11,744
	<u>11,744</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u><u>\$ 50,023</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2

Notes to Financial Statements

Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies

This summary of the Wray School District RD-2's significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the financial statements and other data in this report. The policies are considered essential and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to local government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A.1 – Reporting entity

The Wray School District RD-2 is a school district governed by an elected five-member board of education. The financial reporting entity consists of (1) the primary government, (2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The reporting entity's financial statements should present the funds of the primary government (including its blended component units, which are, in substance, part of the primary government) and provide an overview of the discretely presented component units.

The District has examined other entities that could be included as defined in number 2 and 3 above. Based on these criteria, the District has no component units.

A.2 – Fund accounting

The District uses funds to report its financial position and results of operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types." The District does not have any fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked funds (special revenue funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service fund). The following are the District's major governmental funds:

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

General Fund – The General Fund is the operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include local property taxes, specific ownership taxes, and State of Colorado equalization funding, as determined by the School Finance Act of 1994, as amended.

Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operation of the schools, except for programs funded by grants from federal and state governments, certain capital outlay expenditures, certain debt service transactions, food service operations, scholarships, and pupil activities.

Bond Redemption Fund – This fund is a debt service fund used to account for the revenues from a specific tax levy for the purpose of the repayment of debt principal, interest and other fiscal charges.

Building Fund – This fund is a capital projects fund used to account for the revenues from a bond issuance and BEST grant funds for the purpose of the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

The following are the District's nonmajor governmental funds:

Food Service Fund – This fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the financial activities associated with the District's food service operations.

Head Start Fund – This fund is a special revenue fund used to account for expenditures related to the Head Start Program.

Pupil Activity Fund – This fund is a special revenue fund used to record transactions related to school-sponsored pupil organizations and activities.

Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund – This fund is a capital projects fund used to account for and report financial resources that have been designated for capital outlays acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets.

Proprietary funds focus on the determination of the changes in net position, financial position and cash flows and are classified as either enterprise or internal service. Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The following is the District's major proprietary fund:

Wind Turbine Fund – This fund is an enterprise fund used to account for the financial activities associated with the District's wind turbine operations.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Note A.3 – Basis of presentation

Government-wide financial statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with a brief explanation to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund financial statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources management focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance, which reports the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

All proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

A.4 – Basis of accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – exchange and non-exchange transactions – Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenues from property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. State equalization monies are recognized as revenues during the period in which they are appropriated. Revenues from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes collected within sixty days after year-end, interest, tuition, grants and student fees.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Unearned revenue – Unearned revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the “measurable” and “available” criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to meeting eligibility requirements. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and the revenue is recognized.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Expenses/expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position as an expense with a like amount reported as revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

A.5 – Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is utilized by the District to record purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies to assure effective budgetary control and accountability. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are canceled and reappropriated in the ensuing year’s budget.

A.6 – Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers all highly liquid debt instruments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

A.7 – Short-term interfund receivables/payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as internal balances on the government-wide statement of net position, and are classified as due from other funds or due to other funds on the balance sheet.

A.8 – Inventories

Food Service Fund – purchased inventories are stated at cost as determined by the first-in, first-out method. Commodity inventories are stated at the United States Department of Agriculture's assigned values, which approximate fair value, at the date of receipt. Expenditures for food items are recorded when consumed. The federal government donates surplus commodities to the national school lunch program. Commodity distributions used by the District are recorded as revenues at the date of their consumption.

A.9 – Capital assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective fund financial statements.

All capital assets with a unit cost greater than \$5,000 for the governmental activities and \$1,000 for the business-type activities and proprietary funds are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost, if actual cost is not available) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair value on the date received. Infrastructure assets, consisting of certain improvements other than buildings (such as parking facilities, sidewalks, landscaping and lighting systems) are capitalized along with other capital assets. Improvements to assets are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not.

All reported capital assets are depreciated with the exception of land costs. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

<u>Description</u>	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	<u>Business-type Activities</u>
Land and improvements	25 years	n/a
Buildings and improvements	20-50 years	n/a
Furniture and equipment	5-25 years	5-25 years
Licensed vehicles	7-10 years	n/a

A.10 – Compensated absences

The District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, “Accounting for Compensated Absences.” Compensated absences benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees’ rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Accumulated sick leave benefits are paid to employees upon termination of employment.

District employees are entitled to certain compensated absences based on their length of employment. Employees are allowed to carry over a maximum of 45 days of accumulated leave, unless employed by the District prior to the 2003-2004 school year, then employees may carry over a maximum of 100 days. Any such staff member who is in good standing with the District upon leaving employment shall be paid at a predetermined daily rate based on years of service for any unused accumulated leave.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts, if any, are recorded in the account “accrued compensated absences” in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported. In proprietary funds, the entire amount of the compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

The amounts recorded as liabilities for all applicable compensated absences include salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences, using the rates in effect at the balance sheet date.

A.11 – Accrued liabilities and long-term obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, the noncurrent portion of compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. Bonds payable and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

A.12 – Fund balance

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes.

GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below.

Nonspendable, such as fund balance associated with inventories, prepaid expenditures, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed or assigned),

Restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the board of education (the District's highest level of decision-making authority),

Assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed, and

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the District's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

Committed fund balance is established by a formal passage of a resolution. This is typically done through the adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund. Assigned fund balance is established by the board of education through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service or for other purposes).

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note A – Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available in governmental funds, the District applies expenditures against restricted fund balance first, and followed by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and unassigned fund balance.

A.13 – Net position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are liabilities imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

A.14 – Operating revenues and expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, these revenues are wind turbine utility billings. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods or services that are the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

A.15 – Interfund transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. In general, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

A.16 – Extraordinary and special items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the board of education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during the year.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note B – Cash and investments

Cash and deposits

Colorado State statutes govern the District's deposit of cash. The Public Deposit Protection Acts (PDPA) for banks and savings and loans require state regulators to certify eligible depositories for public deposits. The PDPA require eligible depositories with public deposits in excess of federal insurance levels to create a single institution collateral pool of defined eligible assets. Eligible collateral includes obligations of the United States, obligations of the State of Colorado or Colorado local governments and obligations secured by first lien mortgages on real property located in the state. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all uninsured public deposits as a group and not held in any individual government's name. The fair value of the assets in the pool must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

Custodial credit risk – deposits – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of year-end, the District had total deposits of \$7,695,178, of which \$565,793 was insured and \$7,129,385 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent in the District's name.

Investments

Authorized investments – Investment policies are governed by Colorado State Statutes and the District's own investment policies and procedures. Investments of the District may include:

- Obligations of the United States Government such as treasury bills, notes and bonds
- Certain international agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of United States local government entities
- Bankers acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Local government investment pools
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note B – Cash and investments (Continued)

During the year, the District invested in Colotrust (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commission administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The Trust offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and repurchase agreements collateralized by certain obligations of U.S. government agencies. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust’s portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust’s investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. As of June 30, 2020, the District had invested \$117,289 in COLOTRUST PLUS+, an SEC Rule 2a7-like investment pool. Investments are valued at the net asset value (NAV) of \$1.00. The investment pools are routinely monitored by the Colorado Division of Securities with regard to operations and investments.

At year-end, the District had the following investments. The investment in Colotrust (a local government investment pool) is maintained in the General Fund.

<u>Investment type</u>	<u>Fair value</u>	<u>Investment maturities (in years)</u>		
		<u>Less than 1</u>	<u>1-5</u>	<u>6-10</u>
Investment in Colotrust	\$ 117,289	\$ 117,289	\$ -	\$ -

Credit risk – State law limits investments in commercial paper, corporate bonds, and mutual bond funds to the highest rating from at least one nationally recognized rating agency at the time of purchase. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. At year-end, the District’s investment in Colotrust were rated AAA by Standard and Poor’s.

Note C – Receivables

Receivables at year-end consist of the following:

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	<u>Business-type Activities</u>	<u>Total Receivables</u>
Property taxes receivable	\$ 188,266	\$ -	\$ 188,266
Grants receivable	2,077,133	-	2,077,133
Other receivables	19,113	8,512	27,625
Total	\$ 2,284,512	\$ 8,512	\$ 2,293,024

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note C – Receivables (Continued)

Property taxes are levied on December 15th and attach as a lien on property the following January 1st. They are payable in full by April 30th or are due in two equal installments on February 28th and June 15th. Yuma County bills and collects property taxes for all taxing entities within the County. The tax receipts collected by the county are remitted to the District in the subsequent month.

Note D – Interfund transactions

The following is a summary of interfund borrowings and transfers for the year as presented in the fund financial statements:

	<u>Interfund Receivables</u>	<u>Interfund Payables</u>
<u>Governmental funds</u>		
General fund	\$ 96,752	\$ 257,648
Bond redemption fund	-	130
Other governmental funds	<u>250,000</u>	<u>96,622</u>
Subtotal	346,752	354,400
<u>Business-type funds</u>		
Wind turbine fund	<u>7,648</u>	<u>-</u>
Totals	<u>\$ 354,400</u>	<u>\$ 354,400</u>

All balances resulted from the lag between the dates that (1) interfund reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

	<u>Transfers In</u>	<u>Transfers Out</u>
<u>Governmental funds</u>		
General fund	\$ -	\$ 295,180
Other governmental funds	<u>295,180</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 295,180</u>	<u>\$ 295,180</u>

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them. During the year, the District transferred funds in the amount of \$295,180 from the General Fund to the other governmental funds to subsidize the costs of maintaining the District's food service operations (\$40,000) and pupil activities (\$5,180), and to set aside funds for capital acquisitions (\$250,000).

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note E – Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions/ Transfers</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
Governmental activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 359,300	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 359,300
Construction in progress	<u>1,633,032</u>	<u>15,636,328</u>	<u>(24,290)</u>	<u>17,245,070</u>
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,992,332	15,636,328	(24,290)	17,604,370
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	1,247,603	128,591	24,290	1,400,484
Buildings and improvements	19,400,755	11,452	-	19,412,207
Furniture and equipment	843,179	35,583	-	878,762
Licensed vehicles	<u>2,300,705</u>	<u>145,520</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,446,225</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated	<u>23,792,242</u>	<u>321,146</u>	<u>24,290</u>	<u>24,137,678</u>
Total capital assets	25,784,574	15,957,474	-	41,742,048
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	(1,007,196)	(24,119)	-	(1,031,315)
Buildings and improvements	(9,648,294)	(391,677)	-	(10,039,971)
Furniture and equipment	(491,143)	(45,873)	-	(537,016)
Licensed vehicles	<u>(1,796,589)</u>	<u>(131,904)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,928,493)</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(12,943,222)</u>	<u>(593,573)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(13,536,795)</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 12,841,352</u>	<u>\$ 15,363,901</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 28,205,253</u>
Business-type activities				
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Furniture and equipment	\$ 1,748,278	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,748,278
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(944,578)</u>	<u>(87,414)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,031,992)</u>
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 803,700</u>	<u>\$ (87,414)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 716,286</u>

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note E – Capital assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the District as follows:

Governmental activities	
Instruction	\$ 44,911
General administration	10,635
Operations and maintenance	27,969
Student transportation	131,904
Central support service	1,469
Food service operations	8,547
Unallocated	<u>368,138</u>
Subtotal	593,573
Business-type activities	
Wind turbine operations	<u>87,414</u>
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$ 680,987</u>

Note F – Accrued salaries and benefits

Salaries and benefits of certain contractually employed personnel are paid over a twelve-month period from September to August, but are earned during a school year of approximately nine to ten months. The salaries and benefits earned but not paid at year-end are estimated to be \$762,558. Accordingly, this accrued compensation is reflected as a liability in the accompanying financial statements.

Note G – Long-term debt

The following is a summary of the changes in long-term debt for the year:

	<u>Beginning</u> <u>Balances</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Ending</u> <u>Balances</u>	<u>Due within</u> <u>one year</u>
Governmental activities					
Compensated absences	\$ 85,990	\$ 8,800	\$ -	\$ 94,790	\$ -
General obligation bonds payable	18,084,231	-	(1,054,950)	17,029,281	1,082,382
Bond premium	138,091	-	(29,591)	108,500	-
Capital lease obligation	161,805	62,930	(80,212)	144,523	97,886
Net pension liability	12,266,775	-	(2,318,471)	9,948,304	-
Net OPEB liability	<u>612,651</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(123,471)</u>	<u>489,180</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 31,349,543</u>	<u>\$ 71,730</u>	<u>\$ (3,606,695)</u>	<u>\$ 27,814,578</u>	<u>\$ 1,180,268</u>

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note G – Long-term debt (Continued)

Payments on the general obligation bonds are made in the Bond Redemption Fund, while payments on the capital lease obligation will be made in the General Fund. The compensated absences attributable to the governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the General Fund, as well as the net pension and OPEB liabilities. The District believes that the current portion of compensated absences is negligible and is therefore not reported.

General obligation bonds

General obligation bonds payable consist of the following individual issue:

\$5,430,000 general obligation refunding bonds, dated March 14, 2013, due in annual installments beginning in fiscal year 2014 ranging from \$385,000 to \$570,000; varying annual interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 3.00%, payable semi-annually on June 15 th and December 15 th .	\$ 2,040,000
\$15,524,231 general obligation bonds, dated November 6, 2018, due in annual installments beginning in fiscal year 2020 ranging from \$534,950 to \$1,088,538; fixed annual interest rate of 3.893%, payable semi-annually on June 1 st and December 1 st .	<u>14,989,281</u>
Total general obligation bonds	<u>\$ 17,029,281</u>

The following schedule represents the District’s debt service requirement to maturity for all outstanding bond indebtedness:

<u>Year ended June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2021	\$ 1,082,382	\$ 626,053
2022	1,118,691	588,054
2023	1,160,830	548,683
2024	998,832	510,910
2025	637,728	480,773
2026-2030	3,580,944	2,003,925
2031-2035	4,334,400	1,235,803
2036-2038	<u>4,115,474</u>	<u>328,076</u>
Totals	<u>\$ 17,029,281</u>	<u>\$ 6,322,277</u>

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note G – Long-term debt (Continued)

Prior-year defeasance of debt

In prior years, the District defeased certain general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. At year-end, \$3,125,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

Capital lease obligations

Technology lease obligation – In May 2017, the District entered into an agreement with Apple, Inc. to purchase technology equipment, which serve as collateral for the agreement. The agreement called for a lease term of four years. Annual payments of \$84,876 are due on July 15th of each year, with a final payment due in fiscal year 2021. The average interest rate over the lease term is 2.99%. The District has not capitalized any assets under this capital lease as none of the assets acquired met the District's capitalization threshold. This lease was terminated during the year and the final payment was made in July 2020.

Technology lease obligation – In June 2020, the District entered into an agreement with Apple, Inc. to purchase technology equipment, which serve as collateral for the agreement. The agreement called for a lease term of four years. Annual payments of \$16,453 are due on July 15th of each year, with a final payment due in fiscal year 2024. The average interest rate over the lease term is 2.89%. The District has not capitalized any assets under this capital lease as none of the assets acquired met the District's capitalization threshold.

The lease agreements above contain a provision that, in the event of default, the lessor may, at its sole discretion, do any or all of the following (a) declare due and payable any and all amounts which may then be due and payable under the lease, plus all lease payments remaining through the end of the then current fiscal period (b) enter the premises and take possession of the equipment or require the District at the District's expense to promptly return any or all of such equipment (c) at the District's expense sell or lease the equipment or, for the account of the District, sublease such equipment, continuing to hold the District liable for the difference between the lease payment payable by the District pursuant to the terms of such lease to the end of the current fiscal period and the net proceeds of any such sale, lease or sublease. In the event the lessor sells or otherwise liquidates the equipment following an event of default and realizes net proceeds (after payment of costs) in excess of total lease payments under the related lease that would have been paid during the related scheduled lease term plus any other amounts then due under the related lease, the lessor shall immediately pay the amount of any such excess to the District.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note G – Long-term debt (Continued)

The following is a schedule by years of future minimum lease payments under the capital leases above, together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments at year-end:

<u>Year ended June 30,</u>	<u>Debt service requirement</u>
2021	\$ 99,463
2022	16,453
2023	16,453
2024	<u>16,453</u>
Total minimum lease payments	148,822
Less amount representing interest	<u>(4,299)</u>
Present value of future net minimum lease payments	<u>\$ 144,523</u>

Note H – Defined benefit pension plan

Summary of significant accounting policies

Pensions. The District participates in the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees’ Retirement Association of Colorado (“PERA”). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the SCHDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The Colorado General Assembly passed significant pension reform through Senate Bill (SB) 18-200: *Concerning Modifications To the Public Employees’ Retirement Association Hybrid Defined Benefit Plan Necessary to Eliminate with a High Probability the Unfunded Liability of the Plan Within the Next Thirty Years.* The bill was signed into law by Governor Hickenlooper on June 4, 2018. SB 18-200 makes changes to certain benefit provisions. Some, but not all, of these changes were in effect as of June 30, 2020.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note H – Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

General information about the pension plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the District are provided with pensions through the SCHDTF – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided as of December 31, 2019. PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. Section 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit.
- The value of the retiring employee’s member contribution account plus a 100 percent match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the Denver Public Schools (DPS) benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit.
- \$15 times the first 10 years of service credit plus \$20 times service credit over 10 years plus a monthly amount equal to the annuitized member contribution account balance based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100 percent of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note H – Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50 percent or 100 percent on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

As of December 31, 2019, benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit are generally eligible to receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments, referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S., once certain criteria are met. Pursuant to SB 18-200, the annual increase for 2019 is 0.00 percent for all benefit recipients. Thereafter, benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment before January 1, 2007, and all benefit recipients of the DPS benefit structure will receive an annual increase of 1.25 percent unless adjusted by the automatic adjustment provision (AAP) pursuant to C.R.S. Section 24-51-413. Benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment on or after January 1, 2007, will receive the lesser of an annual increase of 1.25 percent or the average Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers for the prior calendar year, not to exceed 10 percent of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve (AIR) for the SCHDTF. The AAP may raise or lower the aforementioned annual increase by up to 0.25 percent based on the parameters specified in C.R.S. Section 24-51-413.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the retirement benefit formula(s) shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

Contributions provisions as of June 30, 2020. Eligible employees of the District and the State are required to contribute to the SCHDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements for the SCHDTF are established under C.R.S. Section 24-51-401, *et seq.* and Section 24-51-413. Eligible employees are required to contribute 8.75 percent of their PERA-includable salary during the period of July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020. Employer contribution requirements are summarized in the table below:

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note H – Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

	July 1, 2019 Through <u>June 30, 2020</u>
Employer contribution rate	10.40%
Amount of employer contribution apportioned to the Health Care Trust Fund as specified in C.R.S. Section 24-51-208(1)(f)	<u>(1.02)%</u>
Amount apportioned to the SCHDTF	9.38%
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) as specified in C.R.S. Section 24-51-411	4.50%
Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement (SAED) as specified in C.R.S. Section 24-51-411	<u>5.50%</u>
Total employer contribution rate to the SCHDTF	<u><u>19.38%</u></u>

Contribution rates for the SCHDTF are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. Section 24-51-101(42).

As specified in C.R.S. Section 24-51-414, the State is required to contribute \$225 million each year to PERA starting on July 1, 2018. A portion of the direct distribution payment is allocated to the SCHDTF based on the proportionate amount of annual payroll of the SCHDTF to the total annual payroll of the SCHDTF, State Division Trust Fund, Judicial Division Trust Fund, and Denver Public Schools Division Trust Fund. A portion of the direct distribution allocated to the SCHDTF is considered a nonemployer contribution for financial reporting purposes.

Subsequent to the SCHDTF's December 31, 2019, measurement date, HB 20-1379 *Suspend Direct Distribution to PERA Public Employees Retirement Association for 2020-21 Fiscal Year*, was passed into law during the 2020 legislative session and signed by Governor Polis on June 29, 2020. This bill suspends the July 1, 2020, \$225 million direct distribution allocated to the State, School, Judicial, and DPS Divisions, as required under Senate Bill 18-200.

Employer contributions are recognized by the SCHDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the SCHDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the SCHDTF from the District were \$769,191 for the year.

Pension liabilities, pension expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

The net pension liability for the SCHDTF was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. Standard update procedures were used to

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note H – Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

roll-forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2019. The District’s proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District’s contributions to the SCHDTF for the calendar year 2019 relative to the total contributions of participating employers and the State as a nonemployer contributing entity.

At year-end, the District reported a liability of \$9,948,304 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District’s proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 9,948,304
The State’s proportionate share of the net pension liability as a nonemployer contributing entity associated with the District	<u>1,261,816</u>
Total	<u>\$ 11,210,120</u>

At December 31, 2019, the District’s proportion was 0.0666 percent, which was a decrease of 0.0027 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension income of \$613,365 and revenue of \$55,657 for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. At year-end, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 555,909	\$ -
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	336,971	4,694,532
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	1,253,406
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	26,669	1,529,507
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>390,874</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 1,310,423</u>	<u>\$ 7,477,445</u>

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note H – Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

\$390,874 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year Ended</u> <u>June 30, ___</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2021	\$ (3,543,489)
2022	(2,560,791)
2023	(52,733)
2024	<u>(400,883)</u>
Totals	<u>\$ (6,557,896)</u>

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.40 percent
Real wage growth	1.10 percent
Wage inflation	3.50 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.50 – 9.70 percent
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25 percent
Discount rate	7.25 percent
Post-retirement benefit increases:	
PERA benefit structure hired prior to 1/1/07; and DPS benefit structure (automatic) ¹	1.25 percent compounded annually
PERA benefit structure hired after 12/31/06 (ad hoc, substantively automatic) ¹	Financed by the Annual Increase Reserve

¹ For 2019, the annual increase was 0.00 percent.

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members reflect the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note H – Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 93 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 113 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- **Females:** Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 68 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 106 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

For disabled retirees, the mortality assumption was based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the periods January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2015, as well as, the October 28, 2016, actuarial assumptions workshop and were adopted by the PERA Board during the November 18, 2016 Board meeting.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four or five years for PERA. Recently, this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in presentations to PERA's Board on October 28, 2016.

Several factors were considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption for the SCHDTF, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

As of the most recent adoption of the long-term expected rate of return by the PERA Board, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note H – Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return</u>
U.S. equity – large cap	21.20%	4.30%
U.S. equity – small cap	7.42%	4.80%
Non U.S. equity – developed	18.55%	5.20%
Non U.S. equity – emerging	5.83%	5.40%
Core fixed income	19.32%	1.20%
High yield	1.38%	4.30%
Non U.S. fixed income - developed	1.84%	0.60%
Emerging market debt	0.46%	3.90%
Core real estate	8.50%	4.90%
Opportunity fund	6.00%	3.80%
Private equity	8.50%	6.60%
Cash	<u>1.00%</u>	0.20%
Total	<u><u>100.00%</u></u>	

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25 percent.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.50 percent.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the member contribution rates in effect for each year, including the scheduled increases in SB 18-200 and the additional 0.50 percent resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2019, and effective July 1, 2020. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note H – Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law for each year, including the scheduled increase in SB 18-200 and the additional 0.50 percent, resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2019, and effective July 1, 2020. Employer contributions also include the current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the actuarial value funding ratio reaches 103 percent, at which point, the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50 percent every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions reflect reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.
- As specified in law, the State will provide an annual direct distribution of \$225 million, which commenced July 1, 2018, that is proportioned between the State, School, Judicial, and DPS Division Trust Funds based upon the covered payroll of each Division. The annual direct distribution ceases when all Division Trust Funds are fully funded.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial fiduciary net position, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. AIR transfers to the fiduciary net position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.
- The projected benefit payments reflect the lowered annual increase cap, from 1.50 percent to 1.25 percent resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2019, and effective July 1, 2020.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the projection test indicates the SCHDTF's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount determination does not use the municipal bond rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note H – Defined benefit pension plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District’s proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 13,193,581	\$ 9,948,304	\$ 7,223,611

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the SCHDTF’s fiduciary net position is available in PERA’s CAFR which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Payables to the pension plan

The District did not report any payables to the pension plan at year-end.

Note I – Defined contribution pension plan

Voluntary Investment Program

Plan description. Employees of the District that are also members of the SCHDTF may voluntarily contribute to the Voluntary Investment Program, an Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) defined contribution plan administered by PERA. Title 24, Article 51, Part 14 of the C.R.S., as amended, assigns the authority to establish the Plan provisions to the PERA Board of Trustees. PERA issues a publicly available CAFR which includes additional information on the Voluntary Investment Program. That report can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Funding policy. The Voluntary Investment Program is funded by voluntary member contributions up to the maximum limits set by the Internal Revenue Service, as established under Title 24, Article 51, Section 1402 of the C.R.S., as amended. The District does not offer matching contributions to its employees. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and investment earnings. For the year ended, program members contributed \$43,605 for the Voluntary Investment Program.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2

Notes to Financial Statements

Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

Summary of significant accounting policies

OPEB. The District participates in the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the HCTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General information about the OPEB plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the District are provided with OPEB through the HCTF – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by PERA. The HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), as amended. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the C.R.S., as amended, sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure, and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of the premium subsidies. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided. The HCTF provides a health care premium subsidy to eligible participating PERA benefit recipients and retirees who choose to enroll in one of the PERA health care plans, however, the subsidy is not available if only enrolled in the dental and/or vision plan(s). The health care premium subsidy is based upon the benefit structure under which the member retires and the member's years of service credit. For members who retire having service credit with employers in the Denver Public Schools (DPS) Division and one or more of the other four Divisions (State, School, Local Government and Judicial), the premium subsidy is allocated between the HCTF and the Denver Public Schools Health Care Trust Fund (DPS HCTF). The basis for the amount of the premium subsidy funded by each trust fund is the percentage of the member contribution account balance from each division as it relates to the total member contribution account balance from which the retirement benefit is paid.

C.R.S. Section 24-51-1202 et seq. specifies the eligibility for enrollment in the health care plans offered by PERA and the amount of the premium subsidy. The law governing a benefit recipient's eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of the subsidy differs slightly depending under which benefit structure the benefits are calculated. All benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure and all retirees under the DPS benefit structure are eligible for a premium subsidy, if enrolled in a health care plan under PERACare. Upon the death of a DPS benefit structure retiree, no further subsidy is paid.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

Enrollment in the PERACare is voluntary and is available to benefit recipients and their eligible dependents, certain surviving spouses, and divorced spouses and guardians, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll into the program upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollment period.

PERA Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The basis for the maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for benefit recipients with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5 percent reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For benefit recipients who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, C.R.S. Section 24-51-1206(4) provides an additional subsidy. According to the statute, PERA cannot charge premiums to benefit recipients without Medicare Part A that are greater than premiums charged to benefit recipients with Part A for the same plan option, coverage level, and service credit. Currently, for each individual PERACare enrollee, the total premium for Medicare coverage is determined assuming plan participants have both Medicare Part A and Part B and the difference in premium cost is paid by the HCTF or the DPS HCTF on behalf of benefit recipients not covered by Medicare Part A.

DPS Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for retirees who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for retirees who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The basis for the maximum subsidy, in each case, is for retirees with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5 percent reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The retiree pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For retirees who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, the HCTF or the DPS HCTF pays an alternate service-based premium subsidy. Each individual retiree meeting these conditions receives the maximum \$230 per month subsidy reduced appropriately for service less than 20 years, as described above. Retirees who do not have Medicare Part A pay the difference between the total premium and the monthly subsidy.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

Contributions. Pursuant to Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1)(f) of the C.R.S., as amended, certain contributions are apportioned to the HCTF. PERA-affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions are required to contribute at a rate of 1.02 percent of PERA-includable salary into the HCTF.

Employer contributions are recognized by the HCTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions. Employer contributions recognized by the HCTF from the District were \$40,484 for the year ended.

OPEB liabilities, OPEB expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB

At year-end, the District reported a liability of \$489,180 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net pension OPEB liability for the HCTF was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total OPEB liability to December 31, 2019. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's contributions to the HCTF for the calendar year 2019 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the HCTF.

At December 31, 2019, the District's proportion was 0.0435 percent, which was a decrease of 0.0015 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$27,964. At year-end, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,675	\$ 82,225
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	4,174	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	-	8,041
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	3,663	16,882
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>20,572</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 30,084</u>	<u>\$ 107,148</u>

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

\$20,572 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the subsequent year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year Ended</u> <u>June 30, _____</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2021	\$ (19,543)
2022	(19,543)
2023	(17,103)
2024	(21,033)
2025	(19,256)
2026	<u>(1,158)</u>
Total	<u>\$ (97,636)</u>

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.40 percent
Real wage growth	1.10 percent
Wage inflation	3.50 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.50 percent in aggregate
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25 percent
Discount rate	7.25 percent
Health care cost trend rates	
PERA benefit structure:	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.00 percent
PERACare Medicare plans	5.60 percent in 2019, gradually decreasing to 4.50 percent in 2029
Medicare Part A premiums	3.50 percent in 2019, gradually increasing to 4.50 percent in 2029
DPS benefit structure:	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.00 percent
PERACare Medicare plans	N/A
Medicare Part A premiums	N/A

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

Calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each actuarial valuation and on the pattern of sharing costs between employers of each fund to that point.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018, valuation were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the periods January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2015, as well as, the October 28, 2016, actuarial assumptions workshop and were adopted by the PERA Board during the November 18, 2016, Board meeting. In addition, certain actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and their related trends are analyzed and reviewed by PERA’s actuary, as discussed below.

In determining the additional liability for PERACare enrollees who are age sixty-five or older and who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A, the following monthly costs/premiums are assumed for 2019 for the PERA Benefit Structure:

<u>Medicare Plan</u>	Cost for Members Without Medicare Part A	Premiums for Members Without Medicare Part A
Medicare Advantage/Self-Insured Prescription	\$601	\$240
Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage HMO	605	237

The 2019 Medicare Part A premium is \$437 per month.

In determining the additional liability for PERACare enrollees in the PERA Benefit Structure who are age sixty-five or older and who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A, the following chart details the initial expected value of Medicare Part A benefits, age adjusted to age 65 for the year following the valuation date:

<u>Medicare Plan</u>	Cost for Members Without Medicare Part A
Medicare Advantage/Self-Insured Prescription	\$562
Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage HMO	571

All costs are subject to the health care cost trend rates, as discussed below.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

Health care cost trend rates reflect the change in per capita health costs over time due to factors such as medical inflation, utilization, plan design, and technology improvements. For the PERA benefit structure, health care cost trend rates are needed to project the future costs associated with providing benefits to those PERACare enrollees not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A.

Health care cost trend rates for the PERA benefit structure are based on published annual health care inflation surveys in conjunction with actual plan experience (if credible), building block models and industry methods developed by health plan actuaries and administrators. In addition, projected trends for the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (Medicare Part A premiums) provided by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services are referenced in the development of these rates. Effective December 31, 2018, the health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

The PERA benefit structure health care cost trend rates that were used to measure the total OPEB liability are summarized in the table below:

<u>Year</u>	<u>PERACare Medicare Plans</u>	<u>Medicare Part A Premiums</u>
2019	5.60%	3.50%
2020	8.60%	3.50%
2021	7.30%	3.50%
2022	6.00%	3.75%
2023	5.70%	3.75%
2024	5.50%	3.75%
2025	5.30%	4.00%
2026	5.10%	4.00%
2027	4.90%	4.25%
2028	4.70%	4.25%
2029+	4.50%	4.50%

Mortality assumptions for the determination of the total pension liability for each of the Division Trust Funds as show below are applied, as applicable, in the determination of the total OPEB liability for the HCTF. Affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions participate in the HCTF.

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 73 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 108 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- **Females:** Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 78 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 109 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the School and Judicial Divisions were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 93 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 113 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- **Females:** Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 68 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 106 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

For disabled retirees, the mortality assumption was based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

The following health care costs assumptions were updated and used in the measurement of the obligations for the HCTF.

- Initial per capita health care costs for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure who are expected to attain age 65 and older ages and are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A benefits were updated to reflect the change in costs for the 2019 plan year.
- The morbidity assumptions were updated to reflect the assumed standard aging factors.
- The health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the then-current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four or five years for PERA. Recently, this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in presentations to PERA’s Board on October 28, 2016.

Several factors were considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption for the HCTF, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

As of the most recent adoption of the long-term expected rate of return by the PERA Board, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return</u>
U.S. equity – large cap	21.20%	4.30%
U.S. equity – small cap	7.42%	4.80%
Non U.S. equity – developed	18.55%	5.20%
Non U.S. equity – emerging	5.83%	5.40%
Core fixed income	19.32%	1.20%
High yield	1.38%	4.30%
Non U.S. fixed income - developed	1.84%	0.60%
Emerging market debt	0.46%	3.90%
Core real estate	8.50%	4.90%
Opportunity fund	6.00%	3.80%
Private equity	8.50%	6.60%
Cash	<u>1.00%</u>	0.20%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25 percent.

Sensitivity of the District’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability using the current health care cost trend rates applicable to the PERA benefit structure, as well as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

	<u>1% Decrease</u> <u>in Trend Rates</u>	<u>Current</u> <u>Trend Rates</u>	<u>1% Increase</u> <u>in Trend Rates</u>
Initial PERACare Medicare trend rate	4.60%	5.60%	6.60%
Ultimate PERACare Medicare trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Initial Medicare Part A trend rate	2.50%	3.50%	4.50%
Ultimate Medicare Part A trend rate	<u>3.50%</u>	<u>4.50%</u>	<u>5.50%</u>
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 477,560	\$ 489,180	\$ 502,607

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Updated health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums as of the December 31, 2019 measurement date.
- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.50 percent.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the projection test indicates the HCTF's fiduciary net position was projected to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note J – Defined benefit other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 553,116	\$ 489,180	\$ 434,501

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the HCTF’s fiduciary net position is available in PERA’s CAFR which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Payables to the OPEB plan

The District did not report any payables to the OPEB plan at year-end.

Note K – Risk management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District participates in the Colorado School Districts Self-Insurance Pool (the Pool). The Pool’s objectives are to provide member school districts defined property and liability coverages through self-insurance and excess insurance purchased from commercial companies. The District pays an annual contribution to the Pool for its insurance coverages. The District’s contribution for the year was \$175,261. The District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including workers’ compensation and employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage or the deductible in any of the past three fiscal years. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year in any of the major categories of risk.

Note L – Commitments and contingencies

Federal and state funding

The District receives revenues from various federal and state grant programs which are subject to final review and approval by the grantor agencies. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note L – Commitments and contingencies (Continued)

TABOR amendment

In November 1992, Colorado voters passed an amendment, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), to the State Constitution (Article X, Section 20) which limits the revenue raising and spending abilities of state and local governments. The limits on property taxes, revenue, and "fiscal year spending" include allowable annual increases tied to inflation and local growth in student enrollment. Fiscal year spending as defined by the amendment excludes spending from certain revenue and financing sources such as federal funds, gifts, property sales, fund transfers, damage awards, and fund reserves (balances). The amendment requires voter approval for any increase in mill levy or tax rates, new taxes, or creation of multi-year debt. Revenue earned in excess of the "spending limit" must be refunded or approved to be retained by the District under specified voting requirements by the entire electorate. On November 3, 1998, the voters of the District approved a ballot initiative permitting the District to retain, appropriate, and utilize, by retention for reserve, carryover fund balance, or expenditure, the full proceeds and revenues received from every source whatsoever, without limitation, in this fiscal year and all subsequent fiscal years notwithstanding any limitation of Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution. TABOR is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The District believes it is in compliance with the requirements of TABOR. However, the District has made certain interpretations of TABOR's language in order to determine its compliance. The District has reserved funds in the General Fund in the amount of \$510,000 for the emergency reserve.

Note M – Joint venture

The District participates in the Northeast Colorado Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). This joint venture does not meet the criteria for inclusion within the reporting entity because the BOCES:

- is financially independent and responsible for its own financing deficits and entitled to its own surpluses,
- has a separate governing board from that of the District,
- has a separate management which is responsible for the day to day operations and is accountable to the separate board,
- governing board and management have the ability to significantly influence operations by approving budgetary requests and adjustments, signing contracts, hiring personnel, exercising control over facilities and determining the outcome or disposition of matters affecting the recipients of services provided, and
- has absolute authority over all funds and fiscal responsibility including budgetary responsibility and reporting to state agencies and controls fiscal management.

The District has one member on the board. This board has final authority for all budgeting and financing of the joint venture.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Financial Statements

Note M – Joint venture (Continued)

Separate financial statements of the Northeast Colorado Board of Educational Services are available by contacting their administrative office in Haxtun, Colorado.

For the year, the District’s financial contribution was \$197,177.

Note N – Construction commitments

The District began a construction project to build a new facility during the prior year at an estimated cost of \$34,498,292, funded in part with local bond funds as well as state BEST Grant funds. At year-end, the District had approximately \$20,886,187 in uncompleted construction contracts, which will be paid from remaining local bond funds as well as BEST Grant funds.

Note O – Prior period restatement

The District previously reported the activity of the Pupil Activity Fund in a fiduciary fund. Beginning in fiscal year 2020, such activity has been more appropriately reported in a special revenue fund. Accordingly, the governmental activities report a restated beginning net position (deficit) of \$(1,742,821).

Beginning governmental activities net position (deficit) as originally reported	\$ (1,903,615)
Pupil activity fund reclassification	<u>160,794</u>
Beginning net position (deficit), as restated	<u>\$ (1,742,821)</u>

Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund
- Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – PERA's School Division Trust Fund
- Schedule of District Contributions – PERA's School Division Trust Fund
- Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – PERA's Health Care Trust Fund
- Schedule of District Contributions – PERA's Health Care Trust Fund

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
General Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final		Final Budget
				Favorable
				(Unfavorable)
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 3,333,823	\$ 3,464,830	\$ 3,693,450	\$ 228,620
Intermediate sources	3,500	3,500	5,859	2,359
State sources	4,933,852	5,209,212	5,526,190	316,978
Federal sources	173,827	173,827	204,538	30,711
Total revenues	8,445,002	8,851,369	9,430,037	578,668
Expenditures				
Instruction	4,631,699	4,631,699	4,468,913	162,786
Supporting services	3,294,171	3,405,533	3,316,018	89,515
Capital outlay			228	(228)
Debt service				
Principal retirement	84,800	84,800	80,212	4,588
Interest and fiscal charges			2,798	(2,798)
Appropriated reserves	3,730,184	4,405,025		4,405,025
Total expenditures	11,740,854	12,527,057	7,868,169	4,658,888
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,295,852)	(3,675,688)	1,561,868	5,237,556
Other financing sources (uses)				
Capital lease proceeds			62,930	62,930
Transfers out	(290,000)	(320,000)	(295,180)	24,820
Total other financing sources (uses)	(290,000)	(320,000)	(232,250)	87,750
Net change in fund balance	\$ (3,585,852)	\$ (3,995,688)	1,329,618	\$ 5,325,306
Fund balance at beginning of year			3,535,657	
Fund balance at end of year			\$ 4,865,275	

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WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability¹
PERA's School Division Trust Fund
June 30, 2020

	<u>June 30, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2019</u>	<u>June 30, 2018</u>	<u>June 30, 2017</u>
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0666%	0.0693%	0.0790%	0.0783%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 9,948,304	\$ 12,266,775	\$ 25,548,045	\$ 23,301,622
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	<u>1,261,816</u>	<u>1,677,311</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 11,210,120</u>	<u>\$ 13,944,086</u>	<u>\$ 25,548,045</u>	<u>\$ 23,301,622</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 3,913,264	\$ 3,808,484	\$ 3,644,497	\$ 3,515,279
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	254.22%	322.09%	701.00%	662.87%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	64.52%	57.01%	43.96%	43.10%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

¹ Information is not available prior to June 30, 2014. In future reports, additional years will be added until 10 years of historical data are presented.

<u>June 30, 2016</u>	<u>June 30, 2015</u>	<u>June 30, 2014</u>
----------------------	----------------------	----------------------

0.0770%	0.0779%	0.0824%
---------	---------	---------

\$ 11,775,614	\$ 10,552,551	\$ 10,511,588
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-	-	-
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<u>\$ 11,775,614</u>	<u>\$ 10,552,551</u>	<u>\$ 10,511,588</u>
----------------------	----------------------	----------------------

\$ 3,355,357	\$ 3,261,743	\$ 3,322,277
--------------	--------------	--------------

350.95%	323.52%	316.40%
---------	---------	---------

59.20%	62.84%	64.07%
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WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Schedule of District Contributions¹
PERA's School Division Trust Fund
June 30, 2020

	<u>June 30, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2019</u>	<u>June 30, 2018</u>	<u>June 30, 2017</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 769,191	\$ 730,440	\$ 711,899	\$ 654,155
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(769,191)</u>	<u>(730,440)</u>	<u>(711,899)</u>	<u>(654,155)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 3,968,983	\$ 3,818,290	\$ 3,768,879	\$ 3,558,108
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	19.38%	19.13%	18.89%	18.38%

¹ Information is not available prior to June 30, 2014. In future reports, additional years will be added until 10 years of historical data are presented.

<u>June 30, 2016</u>	<u>June 30, 2015</u>	<u>June 30, 2014</u>
\$ 612,026	\$ 553,398	\$ 526,074
<u>(612,026)</u>	<u>(553,398)</u>	<u>(526,074)</u>
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
\$ 3,452,695	\$ 3,276,669	\$ 3,291,484
17.73%	16.89%	15.98%

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability¹
PERA's Health Care Trust Fund
June 30, 2020

	<u>June 30, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2019</u>	<u>June 30, 2018</u>	<u>June 30, 2017</u>
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.0435%	0.0450%	0.0449%	0.0445%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 489,180	\$ 612,651	\$ 583,409	\$ 577,214
District's covered payroll	\$ 3,913,264	\$ 3,808,484	\$ 3,644,497	\$ 3,515,279
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	12.50%	16.09%	16.01%	16.42%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	24.49%	17.03%	17.53%	16.72%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

¹ Information is not available prior to June 30, 2017. In future reports, additional years will be added until 10 years of historical data are presented.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Schedule of District Contributions¹
PERA's Health Care Trust Fund
June 30, 2020

	<u>June 30, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2019</u>	<u>June 30, 2018</u>	<u>June 30, 2017</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 40,484	\$ 38,947	\$ 38,443	\$ 36,293
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(40,484)</u>	<u>(38,947)</u>	<u>(38,443)</u>	<u>(36,293)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 3,968,983	\$ 3,818,290	\$ 3,768,879	\$ 3,558,108
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%

¹ Information is not available prior to June 30, 2017. In future reports, additional years will be added until 10 years of historical data are presented.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Note A – Budgetary data

The District adheres to the following procedures in compliance with Colorado Revised Statutes, establishing the budgetary data in the financial statements:

1. Budgets are required by state law for all funds. Prior to May 31, the superintendent of schools submits to the board of education a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
2. Public hearings are conducted by the board of education to obtain taxpayer comments.
3. Prior to June 30, the budget is adopted by formal resolution.
4. Prior to January 31, the board of education submits its adopted annual budget to the department of education.
5. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Authorization to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund and reallocation of budget line items within any department in the General Fund rests with the superintendent of schools. Revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the board of education.
6. Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
7. Budgeted amounts reported in the accompanying financial statements are as originally adopted and as amended by the board of education throughout the year. After budget approval, the District board of education may approve supplemental appropriations if an occurrence, condition, or need exists which was not known at the time the budget was adopted.
8. Appropriations lapse at year-end.

Note B – Factors affecting trends in amounts reported in the pension and OPEB schedules

Information about factors that significantly affect trends in the amounts reported in the Schedules of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension and OPEB Liabilities and the Schedules of District Contributions is available in PERA's comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

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Budgetary Comparison Schedules - General Fund

The General Fund accounts for all transactions of the District not required to be accounted for in other funds. This fund represents an accounting of the District's ordinary operations financed primarily from property and specific ownership taxes and state aid. It is the most significant fund in relation to the District's overall operations. The schedules of revenues and expenditures are included to provide a greater level of detail to the reader of the financial statements.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
General Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Revenues
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final	Actual	
Revenues				
Local sources				
Property taxes	\$ 2,847,741	\$ 2,828,576	\$ 2,832,044	\$ 3,468
Specific ownership taxes	373,000	414,310	509,033	94,723
Delinquent taxes and interest	9,200	9,200	4,425	(4,775)
Tuition	45,800	45,800	25,856	(19,944)
Earnings on investments	6,010	6,010	18,813	12,803
Pupil activities	7,200	7,200	4,656	(2,544)
Other local revenue	44,872	153,734	287,428	133,694
Services within the BOCES			11,195	11,195
Total local sources	3,333,823	3,464,830	3,693,450	228,620
Intermediate sources	3,500	3,500	5,859	2,359
State sources				
Equalization	4,640,998	4,916,358	4,916,347	(11)
Vocational education	25,000	25,000	14,308	(10,692)
Transportation	100,000	100,000	91,486	(8,514)
ELPA professional development	26,822	26,822	25,733	(1,089)
English language proficiency	18,662	18,662	21,915	3,253
CPP tax check off			753	753
State grants to libraries			4,500	4,500
Small rural schools funding			176,955	176,955
Additional at-risk funding			4,559	4,559
Kindergarten capital construction			27,672	27,672
READ Act	13,870	13,870	15,341	1,471
State on-behalf payment			95,570	95,570
Services within the BOCES	108,500	108,500	131,051	22,551
Total state sources	4,933,852	5,209,212	5,526,190	316,978
Federal sources				
Title I	117,931	117,931	117,480	(451)
Title II-A	22,496	22,496	23,376	880
Title IV-A	10,000	10,000	10,000	-
IDEA, Part D	11,400	11,400	29,390	17,990
Title III-A ELA SAI			1,387	1,387
Services within the BOCES	12,000	12,000	22,905	10,905
Total federal sources	173,827	173,827	204,538	30,711
Total revenues	\$ 8,445,002	\$ 8,851,369	\$ 9,430,037	\$ 578,668

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WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
General Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Expenditures				
Instruction				
Salaries	\$ 2,769,722	\$ 2,769,722	\$ 2,690,506	\$ 79,216
Employee benefits	1,189,279	1,189,279	1,192,597	(3,318)
Purchased services	351,536	351,536	320,657	30,879
Supplies and materials	252,402	252,402	176,768	75,634
Property	30,000	30,000	61,283	(31,283)
Other	38,760	38,760	27,102	11,658
Total instruction	4,631,699	4,631,699	4,468,913	162,786
Supporting services				
Students				
Salaries	111,068	111,068	117,486	(6,418)
Employee benefits	50,485	50,485	53,161	(2,676)
Purchased services	2,050	2,050	2,585	(535)
Supplies and materials	1,844	1,844	4,275	(2,431)
Other	430	430	318	112
Total students	165,877	165,877	177,825	(11,948)
Instructional staff				
Salaries	226,318	226,318	174,589	51,729
Employee benefits	106,775	106,775	85,447	21,328
Purchased services	110,185	110,185	73,232	36,953
Supplies and materials	68,914	68,914	118,815	(49,901)
Property	15,000	15,000	90,036	(75,036)
Other	1,500	1,500	45	1,455
Total instructional staff	528,692	528,692	542,164	(13,472)
General administration				
Salaries	132,268	132,268	118,912	13,356
Employee benefits	41,217	41,217	37,592	3,625
Purchased services	64,518	64,518	55,081	9,437
Supplies and materials	3,100	3,100	222	2,878
Property			1,990	(1,990)
Other	16,800	16,800	25,504	(8,704)
Total general administration	257,903	257,903	239,301	18,602

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
School administration				
Salaries	284,119	284,119	279,884	4,235
Employee benefits	109,388	109,388	102,550	6,838
Purchased services	3,000	3,000	2,378	622
Supplies and materials	1,800	1,800	876	924
Other	2,580	2,580	1,415	1,165
Total school administration	400,887	400,887	387,103	13,784
Business services				
Salaries	86,661	86,661	78,468	8,193
Employee benefits	34,916	34,916	32,536	2,380
Purchased services	34,509	37,009	24,565	12,444
Supplies and materials	40,200	40,200	39,195	1,005
Property	4,000	4,000	4,165	(165)
Other	2,900	2,900	9,907	(7,007)
Total business services	203,186	205,686	188,836	16,850
Operations and maintenance				
Salaries	267,811	267,811	222,900	44,911
Employee benefits	124,719	124,719	104,389	20,330
Purchased services	141,000	249,862	260,032	(10,170)
Supplies and materials	275,000	275,000	252,628	22,372
Property	90,200	90,200	65,620	24,580
Other	5,000	5,000	1,704	3,296
Total operations and maintenance	903,730	1,012,592	907,273	105,319
Student transportation				
Salaries	236,454	236,454	210,139	26,315
Employee benefits	96,640	96,640	104,888	(8,248)
Purchased services	30,500	30,500	17,451	13,049
Supplies and materials	90,000	90,000	58,019	31,981
Property	5,000	5,000	145,700	(140,700)
Other	(28,560)	(28,560)	(14,883)	(13,677)
Total student transportation	430,034	430,034	521,314	(91,280)

(continued)

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
General Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

(continued)	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Central support services				
Salaries	125,937	125,937	134,755	(8,818)
Employee benefits	23,205	23,205	23,212	(7)
Purchased services	251,180	251,180	191,767	59,413
Supplies and materials	2,240	2,240	2,444	(204)
Other	1,300	1,300	24	1,276
Total central support services	403,862	403,862	352,202	51,660
Total supporting services	3,294,171	3,405,533	3,316,018	89,515
Capital outlay				
Facilities acquisitions				
Property			228	(228)
Total capital outlay	-	-	228	(228)
Debt service				
Principal retirement	84,800	84,800	80,212	4,588
Interest and fiscal charges			2,798	(2,798)
Total debt service	84,800	84,800	83,010	1,790
Appropriated reserves	3,730,184	4,405,025		4,405,025
Total expenditures	<u>\$ 11,740,854</u>	<u>\$ 12,527,057</u>	<u>\$ 7,868,169</u>	<u>\$ 4,658,888</u>

**Combining Statements and Budgetary Comparison Schedules –
Nonmajor Governmental Funds**

The District reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds – These funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

- Food Service Fund – This fund is used to record financial transactions related to the District’s food service operations.
- Head Start Fund – This fund is to account for expenditures related to the Head Start Program.
- Pupil Activity Fund – This fund is used to record transactions related to school-sponsored pupil organizations and activities.

Capital Projects Fund – These funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

- Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund – This fund was established to account for and report financial resources that have been designated for capital outlays acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Combining Balance Sheet
June 30, 2020

	Food Service Fund	Head Start Fund	Pupil Activity Fund	Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund
Assets				
Cash	\$ 114,847	\$ 6,271	\$ 142,632	\$ 1,070,407
Due from other funds				250,000
Grants receivable		53,002		
Other receivables	3,653			
Inventory	31,475			
Total assets	\$ 149,975	\$ 59,273	\$ 142,632	\$ 1,320,407
Liabilities				
Due to other funds	\$ 68,460	\$ 28,162		
Accrued salaries and benefits	32,065	31,111		
Unearned revenues	14,960			
Total liabilities	115,485	59,273	\$ -	\$ -
Fund balance				
Nonspendable inventory	31,475			
Restricted for food service operations	3,015			
Committed to pupil activities			142,632	
Committed to capital projects				1,320,407
Total fund balance	34,490	-	142,632	1,320,407
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 149,975	\$ 59,273	\$ 142,632	\$ 1,320,407

Totals

\$ 1,334,157
250,000
53,002
3,653
31,475

\$ 1,672,287

\$ 96,622
63,176
14,960

174,758

31,475

3,015
142,632
1,320,407

1,497,529

\$ 1,672,287

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Food Service Fund	Head Start Fund	Pupil Activity Fund	Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 86,099	\$ 7	\$ 315,505	\$ 285
State sources	17,433			
Federal sources	306,601	267,581		
Total revenues	410,133	267,588	315,505	285
Expenditures				
Instruction		187,797	338,847	
Supporting services	435,416	79,791		
Total expenditures	435,416	267,588	338,847	-
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(25,283)	-	(23,342)	285
Other financing sources				
Transfers in	40,000		5,180	250,000
Net change in fund balances	14,717	-	(18,162)	250,285
Fund balance at beginning of year	19,773	-	160,794	1,070,122
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 34,490	\$ -	\$ 142,632	\$ 1,320,407

<u>Totals</u>	
\$	401,896
	17,433
	<u>574,182</u>
	993,511
	526,644
	<u>515,207</u>
	<u>1,041,851</u>
	(48,340)
	<u>295,180</u>
	246,840
	<u>1,250,689</u>
\$	<u><u>1,497,529</u></u>

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Food Service Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 123,376	\$ 114,376	\$ 86,099	\$ (28,277)
State sources	10,200	10,200	17,433	7,233
Federal sources	283,688	275,688	306,601	30,913
Total revenues	417,264	400,264	410,133	9,869
Expenditures				
Supporting services				
Salaries	131,924	131,924	118,429	13,495
Employee benefits	70,796	78,501	77,191	1,310
Purchased services	11,800	13,400	7,662	5,738
Supplies and materials	238,744	242,440	230,686	11,754
Property	4,000	4,000	1,448	2,552
Appropriated reserves	92,736	79,735		79,735
Total expenditures	550,000	550,000	435,416	114,584
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(132,736)	(149,736)	(25,283)	124,453
Other financing sources				
Transfers in	40,000	70,000	40,000	(30,000)
Net change in fund balance	\$ (92,736)	\$ (79,736)	14,717	\$ 94,453
Fund balance at beginning of year			19,773	
Fund balance at end of year			\$ 34,490	

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Head Start Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 4	\$ 4	\$ 7	\$ 3
Federal sources	256,152	267,581	267,581	-
Total revenues	256,156	267,585	267,588	3
Expenditures				
Instruction				
Salaries	83,509	83,509	110,203	(26,694)
Employee benefits	41,829	41,829	48,867	(7,038)
Purchased services	46,240	46,240	16,630	29,610
Supplies and materials	11,450	11,450	6,765	4,685
Property	1,000	1,000	5,332	(4,332)
Total instruction	184,028	184,028	187,797	(3,769)
Supporting services				
Salaries	54,961	54,961	53,752	1,209
Employee benefits	28,596	28,596	26,039	2,557
Total supporting services	83,557	83,557	79,791	3,766
Appropriated reserves	32,415	32,415		32,415
Total expenditures	300,000	300,000	267,588	32,412
Net change in fund balance	\$ (43,844)	\$ (32,415)	-	\$ 32,415
Fund balance at beginning of year			-	
Fund balance at end of year			\$ -	

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Pupil Activity Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
Revenues				
Local revenues				
Pupil activities	\$ 500,000	\$ 550,000	\$ 315,505	\$ (234,495)
Expenditures				
Instruction				
Purchased services			93,529	(93,529)
Supplies and materials			202,127	(202,127)
Property			8,665	(8,665)
Other			34,526	(34,526)
Appropriated reserves	713,124	713,124		713,124
Total expenditures	<u>713,124</u>	<u>713,124</u>	<u>338,847</u>	<u>374,277</u>
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(213,124)	(163,124)	(23,342)	139,782
Other financing sources				
Transfers in			5,180	5,180
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (213,124)</u>	<u>\$ (163,124)</u>	(18,162)	<u>\$ 144,962</u>
Fund balance at beginning of year			<u>160,794</u>	
Fund balance at end of year			<u>\$ 142,632</u>	

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Local sources				
Earnings on investments	\$ 30	\$ 30	\$ 285	\$ 255
Expenditures				
Capital outlay	165,000	665,000		665,000
Appropriated reserves	655,147	655,150		655,150
Total expenditures	820,147	1,320,150	-	1,320,150
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(820,117)	(1,320,120)	285	(1,319,895)
Other financing sources				
Transfers in	250,000	250,000	250,000	-
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (570,117)</u>	<u>\$ (1,070,120)</u>	250,285	<u>\$ 1,320,405</u>
Fund balance at beginning of year			1,070,122	
Fund balance at end of year			<u>\$ 1,320,407</u>	

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Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Debt Service Fund

The District reports the following major debt service fund:

Debt Service Funds – These funds account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

- Bond Redemption Fund – This fund is a debt service fund used to account for the revenues from a specific tax levy for the purpose of the repayment of debt principal, interest and other fiscal charges.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Bond Redemption Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Local sources				
Property taxes	\$ 1,727,715	\$ 1,727,715	\$ 1,729,266	\$ 1,551
Delinquent taxes and interest	2,500	2,500	4,372	1,872
Interest on investments	15,600	15,600	25,595	9,995
Total local sources	1,745,815	1,745,815	1,759,233	13,418
Intermediate sources	500	500	628	128
Total revenues	1,746,315	1,746,315	1,759,861	13,546
Expenditures				
Debt service				
Principal retirement	1,621,015	1,621,015	1,054,950	566,065
Interest and fiscal charges	125,300	125,300	664,146	(538,846)
Appropriated reserves	244,069	545,561		545,561
Total expenditures	1,990,384	2,291,876	1,719,096	572,780
Net change in fund balance	\$ (244,069)	\$ (545,561)	40,765	\$ 586,326
Fund balance at beginning of year			2,291,877	
Fund balance at end of year			\$ 2,332,642	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Capital Projects Fund

The District reports the following major capital projects fund:

Capital Projects Fund – These funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

- Building Fund – This fund is a capital projects fund used to account for the revenues from a bond issuance and BEST grant funds for the purpose of the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Building Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 15,501,000	\$ 15,501,000		\$ (15,501,000)
State sources	<u>19,000,000</u>	<u>19,000,000</u>	\$ 8,599,981	<u>(10,400,019)</u>
Total revenues	\$ 34,501,000	34,501,000	8,599,981	(25,901,019)
Expenditures				
Capital outlay				
Property	14,000,000	12,390,258	15,636,328	(3,246,070)
Appropriated reserves	<u>20,501,000</u>	<u>22,110,742</u>		<u>22,110,742</u>
Total expenditures	<u>34,501,000</u>	<u>34,501,000</u>	<u>15,636,328</u>	<u>18,864,672</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	(7,036,347)	<u>\$ (7,036,347)</u>
Fund balance at beginning of year			<u>14,800,297</u>	
Fund balance at end of year			<u>\$ 7,763,950</u>	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Enterprise Fund

The District reports the following major enterprise fund:

Enterprise Funds – These funds are used to account for operations that provide services that are financed primarily by user charges, or activities where periodic measurement of income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control or other purposes.

- Wind Turbine Fund – This fund is used to record financial transactions related to the District’s wind turbine operations.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Wind Turbine Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final		
Operating revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 102,621	\$ 2,621
Operating expenses				
Purchased services	65,859	50,859	56,842	(5,983)
Other	7,500	7,500	7,500	-
Depreciation	87,900	87,900	87,414	486
Appropriated reserves	64,187	79,187		79,187
Total expenses	225,446	225,446	151,756	73,690
Operating loss	(125,446)	(125,446)	(49,135)	76,311
Nonoperating revenues				
Earnings on investments	50	50	18	(32)
Total nonoperating revenues	50	50	18	(32)
Change in net position	<u>\$ (125,396)</u>	<u>\$ (125,396)</u>	(49,117)	<u>\$ 76,279</u>
Net position at beginning of year			<u>875,968</u>	
Net position at end of year			<u>\$ 826,851</u>	

Single Audit Section

The Single Audit Section contains the following:

- Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
- Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
- Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*
- Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
- Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

<u>Federal Grantor / Pass-through Grantor / Program or Cluster Title</u>	<u>Federal CFDA Number</u>	<u>Pass-through Entity Identifying Number</u>	<u>Federal Expenditures</u>
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
Pass-through program from:			
Colorado Department of Human Services Donated Commodities	10.555	4555	\$ 26,222
Colorado Department of Education School Breakfast Program	10.553	4553	41,693
National School Lunch Program	10.555	4555	<u>238,686</u>
Total Child Nutrition Cluster/U.S. Department of Agriculture			306,601
U.S. Department of Education			
Pass-through programs from:			
Colorado Department of Education:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	4010	117,480
Special Education - State Personnel Development	84.323	5323	29,390
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	7365	1,387
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	4367	23,376
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	4424	<u>10,000</u>
Total U.S. Department of Education			181,633
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Direct program			
Head Start	93.600	N/A	<u>267,581</u>
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			<u>267,581</u>
Total expenditures of federal awards			<u><u>\$ 755,815</u></u>

See accompanying Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note A – Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Wray School District RD-2 under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR), *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Wray School District RD-2, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Wray School District RD-2.

Note B – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Therefore, some amounts presented in this Schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statement(s) of the federal program. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note C – Indirect Cost Rate

Wray School District RD-2 has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note D – Subrecipients

Wray School District RD-2 did not pass through any federal grants to subrecipients.

Note E – Nonmonetary assistance

Federal nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair value of the items received and disbursed during the year. Wray School District RD-2 received nonmonetary assistance for the year as follows:

CFDA No. 10.555	National School Lunch Program	\$ <u>26,222</u>
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**Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards**

Board of Education
Wray School District RD-2
Wray, Colorado

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wray School District RD-2 (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 14, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Lauer, Szabo & Associates, P.C.

Sterling, Colorado
December 14, 2020

**Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program
and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance**

Board of Education
Wray School District RD-2
Wray, Colorado

Report on Compliance for Each Major Program

We have audited the Wray School District RD-2's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Lauer, Szabo & Associates, P.C.

Sterling, Colorado
December 14, 2020

WRAY SCHOOL DISTRICT RD-2
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Summary of audit results

1. The auditors' report expresses an unmodified opinion on the basic financial statements of the Wray School District RD-2 (the District).
2. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the basic financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
3. No instances of noncompliance material to the basic financial statements of the District were disclosed during the audit.
4. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the major federal award programs are reported in the Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance.
5. The auditors' report on compliance for the major federal award programs for the District expresses an unmodified opinion on all major federal programs.
6. The audit did not disclose any findings relative to the major federal award programs of the District.
7. The program tested as major was:

Child Nutrition Cluster	CFDA Nos. 10.553, 10.555 and 10.559
-------------------------	-------------------------------------
8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
9. The District did not qualify as a low-risk auditee.

Findings - Financial statement audit

We noted no findings that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Findings and Questioned Costs

We noted no findings or questioned costs that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

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**Colorado Department of Education
Supplementary Schedule**

Auditors' integrity report – This fiscal-year report is required by the Colorado Department of Education to maintain statewide consistency in financial reporting. This report is also used to gather financial data that could affect future state funding.

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Independent Auditors' Report on Auditors' Integrity Report

Board of Education
Wray School District RD-2
Wray, Colorado

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Wray School District RD-2 (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and our report thereon dated December 14, 2020, which expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements, appears on pages 1-3. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The Auditors' Integrity Report is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Lauer, Szabo & Associates, P.C.

Sterling, Colorado
December 14, 2020



Colorado Department of Education
Auditors Integrity Report
 District: 3210 - Wray RD-2
 Fiscal Year 2019-20
 Colorado School District/BOCES

Revenues, Expenditures, & Fund Balance by Fund

Fund Type & Number	Beg Fund Balance & Prior Per Adj (6880*)	1000 - 5999 Total Revenues & Other Sources	0001-0999 Total Expenditures & Other Uses	6700-6799 & Prior Per Adj (6880*) Ending Fund Balance
Governmental	+		-	=
10 General Fund	3,415,616	9,157,758	7,868,169	4,705,205
18 Risk Mgmt Sub-Fund of General Fund	120,040	40,029	0	160,070
19 Colorado Preschool Program Fund	0	0	0	0
Sub-Total	3,535,657	9,197,788	7,868,169	4,865,275
11 Charter School Fund	0	0	0	0
20,26-29 Special Revenue Fund	0	0	0	0
06 Supplemental Cap Const, Tech, Main, Fund	0	0	0	0
07 Total Program Reserve Fund	0	0	0	0
21 Food Service Spec Revenue Fund	19,773	450,133	435,416	34,490
22 Govt Designated-Purpose Grants Fund	0	267,588	267,588	0
23 Pupil Activity Special Revenue Fund	160,794	320,685	338,848	142,632
24 Full Day Kindergarten Mill Levy Override	0	0	0	0
25 Transportation Fund	0	0	0	0
31 Bond Redemption Fund	2,291,877	1,759,861	1,719,096	2,332,642
39 Certificate of Participation (COP) Debt Service Fund	0	0	0	0
41 Building Fund	14,800,297	8,599,981	15,636,328	7,763,950
42 Special Building Fund	0	0	0	0
43 Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund	1,070,122	250,285	0	1,320,407
46 Supplemental Cap Const, Tech, Main Fund	0	0	0	0
Totals	21,878,519	20,846,320	26,265,444	16,459,395
Proprietary				
50 Other Enterprise Funds	875,968	102,639	151,756	826,851
64 (63) Risk-Related Activity Fund	0	0	0	0
60,65-69 Other Internal Service Funds	0	0	0	0
Totals	875,968	102,639	151,756	826,851
Fiduciary				
70 Other Trust and Agency Funds	0	0	0	0
72 Private Purpose Trust Fund	0	0	0	0
73 Agency Fund	0	0	0	0
74 Pupil Activity Agency Fund	0	0	0	0
79 GASB 34:Permanent Fund	0	0	0	0
85 Foundations	0	0	0	0
Totals	0	0	0	0

FINAL